

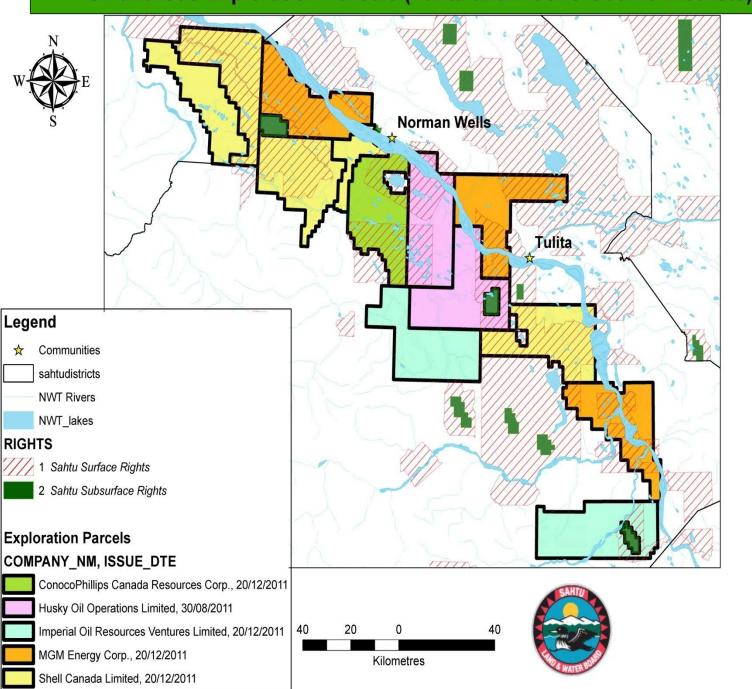
RRC Gathering

Fort Good Hope

September 18-19, 2012

Tony Morris
Regulatory Specialist
Sahtu Land and Water
Board
(SLWB)

Oil and Gas Exploration Parcels (Tulita and K'asho Got'ine Districts)





Regulatory Process

Authority is granted to the SLWB to issue, amend, renew, or cancel Land Use Permits and Water Licences on Crown, Private, and Settlement Lands.

Land Use Permitting

- ❖ Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act
- ❖ Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations

Water Licencing

- ❖ Northwest Territories Waters Act
- ❖ Northwest Territories Waters Regulations



Regulatory Process Continued

Phase 1: Application

Phase 2: Review

Phase 3: Decision



Phase 1: Application

(1) Applicant acquires permission for use of land, carries out community engagement, environmental protection plan, etc

(2) Application checked for completeness

Deemed Incomplete

More information requested

Deemed Complete

Information Provided

Phase 2: Review



Phase 2: Review

Application sent to review organizations for comment



-At these stages certain review organizations can refer the application to MVEIRB for EA.

Proponent responds to comments

Preliminary Screening completed to identify environmental impacts or concerns

No concerns and no hearing

Local Hearing (If required by the Board, mandatory Type A Water Licence)



Phase 3: Decision



Phase 3: Decision

Refer to EA

More information requested from Proponent

Board Meeting

Licence or Permit Issued with Terms and Conditions Type 'A' Water Licence

Draft Licence Recommended, Needs Federal Minister Approval

If Approved



Application Timelines

Land Use Permits

After receiving an application the Board has **10** days (including weekends) to deem an application complete.

42 days for a **Type 'A'**: gather comments from reviewers, hold a hearing (if required), refer to MVEIRB, issue or reject the application.

15 days for a **Type 'B'**: however the SLWB treats Type 'B' like Type 'A' to give adequate time for comments from reviewers.

Water Licences

There are **no** timelines for dealing with water licences in the *NWT Waters Act Regulations*.

If applying for both a Land Use Permit and Water Licence together, the SLWB uses the **42 day** time period. This ensures the same start and end dates.



Application Components

Components of a complete application;

- Application Forms (Water Licence and Land Use Permit)
- Maps
- Environmental Protection Plan
- Public Consultation Record
- Traditional Environmental Knowledge Study
- Access rights and agreement (just signature page)
- Emergency Response Plan
- Spill Contingency Plan
- Waste Management Plan
- Equipment List
- Fees



Issuance

When the Board issues a Land Use Permit or Water Licence it includes;

- Permit or Licence (start date, expiry date)
- Terms and Conditions (what they can and cannot do, or how?)
- Reasons for Decision



	Type A Land				
			se Regulations and the terms and eby granted to:		
MGM Energy Corp.					
		Perr	mittee		
To proceed	with the land ι	se operation of	described in the application of:		
Signature: Na	ncy Dilts		Date: April 25, 2012		
Type of Land Use Operations: Oil and Gas Drilling					
NT. This permit ma	y be assigned, e	xtended, disconti	ly 7 to 15 km south of the Hamlet of Tulita, inued, suspended or cancelled pursuant to the		
	Good Hope, N	-	4th_Day ofYear: 2012		
		-	4th_Day ofYear: 2012 Larry Wallace (Chairman) SAHTU Land & Water Board		
Dated at: Fort	Good Hope, N	-	Larry Wallace (Chairman) SAHTU Land & Water Board		
Dated at: Fort	Good Hope, N	WT This <u>24</u>	Larry Wallace (Chairman) SAHTU Land & Water Board		

If you have any questions please call the SAHTU Land & Water Board at (867) 598-2413



Terms and Conditions

Terms and Conditions are where the Board can incorporate mitigation measures or address reviewer concerns best.

Land Use Permits, Section 26 of the <i>MVLUR</i>	Water Licences, Section 15 of the NWTWA
•Locations that can be used	•Manner of use of water
•Times of year	 Quantities and concentrations of wastes
•Types and size of equipment	to be deposited into waters
 Methods and techniques used 	 How waste may be deposited
Use, handling of toxic material	•Studies to be undertaken
 Protection of wildlife habitat and fish 	•Abandonment conditions.
habitat	
•Restoration of lands	



Enforcement

RRC Monitor- Collect Evidence and Information

Inspector- inspects the site

Clean-up must be approved by Board and Inspector

Permit

Board and Inspector-

Issue Order

Proponent- Mitigates or Remediates

